

SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Affiliated to JNTUK, Kakinada)

Accredited by NAAC with 'A+' Grade

Recognised as Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation SRKR MARG, CHINA AMIRAM, BHIMAVARAM – 534204 W.G.Dt., A.P., INDIA

Regula	tion: R23								
	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE &	MACHI	NE L	EAR	NING	(Mi	nors)		
	(Applicable for CE	ECE, EE	EE &	ME)					
	COURSE ST (With effect from 2023-24			h onv	vards)			
Course Code	Course Name	Year/ Sem	Cr	L	T	P	C.I.E	S.E.E	Total Marks
B23AMM101	Database Management Systems	II-II	3	3	0	0	30	70	100
B23AMM201	Data Visualization	III-I	3	3	0	0	30	70	100
B23AMM301	Machine Learning	III-II	3	3	0	0	30	70	100
B23AMM401	Generative AI	IV-I	3	3	0	0	30	70	100
B23AMM501	*MOOCS-I	II-II to IV-I	3						100
B23AMM601	*MOOCS-II	II-II to IV-I	3						100
		TOTAL	18	12	0	0	120	280	600

*Two MOOCS courses of any ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & MACHINE LEARNING related Program Core Courses from NPTEL/SWAYAM with a minimum duration of 12 weeks (3 Credits) courses other than the courses offered need to be takenby prior information to the concern. These courses should be completed between II Year II Semester to IV Year I Semester.

		T	T	T	T	1	T	T			
	se Code	Category	L	Т	P	С	C.I.E.	S.E.E			
B23A	MM101	Minors	3			3	30	70	3 Hrs.		
			ABASE								
			Iinors D								
		es: This course a			ents with	the foll	owing:				
1.	Introduce database management systems										
2.		database through	-		ase desig	n approa	iches				
3.	Use SQL	as a universal Da	atabase la	anguage							
4.	Demonstr	rate normalization	n								
5	Explain to	ransaction manag	ement te	chniques	S						
Course	Outcome	es: At the end of t	he cours	e, studen	its will b	e able to					
S.No				Outcom	ıe				Knowledge Level		
1.	Describe	e database manag	ement sy	stems fu	ındamen	tal conce	pts		K2		
2.	Analyze	databases using	Conceptu	ıal an <mark>d L</mark>	ogical d	atabase d	lesign		K4		
3.	Apply S	QL to Create, ma	intain an	d manip	ulate a re	elational	database		К3		
4.	Apply n	ormalization for 1	efining o	latabase	schema				К3		
5.	Illustrat	e Transaction ma	nagemer	nt technic	ques.	NGC	OLLE	GE	K2		
	E	std. 1980		- 1	UTON	IOMOI	JS.				
		500. 2700		SYLL	ABUS						
UNI (08 F	T-I in M fo	troduction: Data BMS, DBMS value troduction of lanagement System of data independent atabase system st	Vs File different ems, Cornce,	System, Data ncepts of	Databa Models, Schema	Introd a, Instan	rs, Databas uction to ce, three tie	e applic Relation er schema	ations. Brief al Database a architecture		
UNIT (10 H	Integrity constraints) and their importance. Relational Algebra (select and project)								constraints, project).		
	SQL: Simple Database schema, data types, table definitions (create, alter), Creating tables with relationship, implementation of key and integrity constraints, different DML operations (insert, delete, update), Basic SQL querying (select and project) using where clause, nested queries, sub queries, grouping, aggregation, ordering, relational								nts, different project) using		

	set operations, implementation of different types of joins, view (updatable and non-updatable).								
UNIT (10 H									
	Transaction Concept: Transaction State, ACID properties, Concurrent Execution of								
UNIT (10 H	-V transactions, Schedules, Serializability, Recoverability, Testing for Serializability,								
Textl	books:								
1.	Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan (Author), Database System Concepts,7th Edition, TMH, 2021.								
2.	Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, Database Management Systems, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2014								
Refer	rence Books:								
1.	C.J. Date, A. Kannan and S. Swamy Nathan, An Introduction to Database Systems, 8th Edition, Pearson, 2006.								
2.	Elmasri Ramez and Navathe Shamkant, Fundamentals of Database System, 7th Edition, Pearson, 2017.								
3.	Corlos Coronel, Steven Morris, Peter Robb, Database Principles Fundamentals of Design Implementation and Management, CBS publishers and Distributors, 2014.								
	Estd. 1980								
e-Res	sources								
1.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105175/								
2.	https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_ 01275806667282022456_shared/overview								

		Course C		23AM	_
		SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)			R23
		II B.Tech. II Semester MODEL QUESTION PAPER			
		DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
		(Minors Degree Course in AI & ML)			
Tim	ne: 3 F		Max. M	Iarks:	70 N
		Answer Question No.1 compulsorily			
		Answer ONE Question from EACH UNIT			
		Assume suitable data if necessary			
		Т	10 x 2	_	
			CO	KL	M
1.	a).	What are the goals of DBMS?	1	1	2
	b).	What is Data Independence? List the types.	1	1	2
	c).	Quote the example for composite attribute.	2	1	2
	d).	What is meant by cardinality and degree of relation?	2	1	2
	e).	Explain the difference between drop and delete commands?	3	1	2
	f).	Explain the left outer join?	3	1	2
	g).	State 1NF with example?	4	1	2
	h).	Define dependency preserving decomposition?	4	1	2
	i).	What is conflict serializability?	5	1	2
	j).	Mention any two failure classifications?	5	1	2
		T	5 x 10	= 50 N	1ark
		UNIT-1	_		
2.	a)	Compare Database Management Systems with File Processing Systems	1	3	4
	b)	Explain the roles of different database users	1	2	6
		OR			
3.	a)	Discuss the applications of Database Management Systems	1	2	5
	b)	Describe the structure of a Database Management System	1	2	5
		UNIT-2			
		Give syntax and apply the SQL commands for defining two example			1.
4.		tables of your choice. Then insert data, update data in the tables	2	3	10
		OR			
5.		What are relational instances and schemas? How'd you use keys and schemas in relational model?	2	3	10

		UNIT-3			
6.	a)	Define and differentiate between Domain, Key, and Integrity constraints.	3	3	5
	b)	Illustrate the SELECT and PROJECT operations in Relational Algebra	3	2	5
		OR			
7.	a)	Describe any two extended features of the ER model	2	2	5
	b)	What are the different types of relationships in ER models?	2	2	5
		UNIT-4			
8.	a)	Apply Loss-less join decomposition into BCNF for an example table	4	3	5
	b)	Apply dependency preserving decomposition into 3NFfor an example table	4	3	5
		OR			
9.		Illustrate Normal forms from 1 NF to BCNF with suitable examples.	4	3	10
		UNIT-5			
10.	a)	Briefly discuss ARIES algorithm.	5	2	5
	b)	What is a Transaction? Explain about transaction states?	5	2	5
		OR			
11.	a)	What is the locking protocol? Describe the Strict Two Phase locking protocol?	5	2	5
	b)	Explain in detail about ACID properties with examples?	5	2	5

KL-KNOWLEDGE LEVEL

M-MARKS

NOTE: Questions can be given as A,B splits or as a single Question for 10 marks

Course Co		Category	L	T	P	C	C.I.E.	S.E.E.	Exam
B23A	MM201	Minors	3			3	30	70	3 Hrs.
Cour	Familia	tives: This cou	rse aims	ors Degisto equip	ree Cour		& ML) following:	ormation vis	ualization and
2.		c visualization by techniques of		walizatio	n nrocce	a and imn	lomont		
3.	Detailed and dist	view of visus orting techniqu	al perce _l ies.	otion, the	visualiz	zed data a	nd the actua	al visualizati	on, interaction
Cour	se Outco	mes: At the er	nd of the	course, s	students	will be ab	le to		T/
S.No	•			Oı	ıtcome				Knowledge Level
1.	visual	rate the key s representation	ı. 🎤						K2
2.	applic	v visual ma ations.	37						К3
3.	visual	v suitable visua ization system	s.						К3
4.	data s	y suitable visu tructures inclu	ding the	use of m	etaphori	cal visuali	zation.		К3
5.		nstrate the a ques and data			e compl	ex data t	ypes using	appropriate	К3
					SYLLAF	BUS			
UNI (10H	11-1 Hrs) C	That Is Visualing ther Fields, expresentation of	The Vi	sualizatio	on Proce	ess, Intro	duction of	visual perc	
UNI (10 l		reating visual nalytics, Desig	-				erence mod	el, visual m	apping, visua
UNI'.	Hrs) n	lassification hisleading, Vi ocuments.			•				
UNI'.		isualization o	of grou	os, trees	, graphs	s, cluster	s, networks	s, software,	Metaphorica

UNIT (10 H	Vigualizations								
Textbo	oks:								
1.	Interactive Data Visualization: Foundations, Techniques, and Applications. WARD, GRINSTEIN, KEIM. Natick: A K Peters, Ltd.(2015)								
2.	Information Visualization: Perception for Design by Colin Ware, Interactive Technologies (2004)								
Referen	nce Books:								
1.	The Visual Display of Quantitative Information E. Tufte, Graphics Press.(2001)								
2.	Visualizing Data-Ben Fry 'Reilly Media (2008)								
e-Resor	ırces								
1.	https://kdd.cs.ksu.edu/Courses/CIS536/Lectures/Slides/Lecture-34-Main_6up.pdf								
2.	https://www.slideteam.net/powerpoint/Data-Visualization								
3.	https://www.slideshare.net/slideshow/unit-iiipptx/265063170								



Estd. 1980

		Course Co	ode: B	23AM	M201
		SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)			R23
		III B.Tech. I Semester MODEL QUESTION PAPER			
		DATA VISUALIZATION			
		(Minors Degree Course in AI & ML)			
Tim	e: 3 H		Max. M	Iarks:	70 M
		Answer Question No.1 compulsorily			
		Answer ONE Question from EACH UNIT			
		Assume suitable data if necessary			
	•		10 x 2	= 20 N	Iarks
			CO	KL	M
1.	a).	State any two Gestalt principles related to visual perception.	1	1	2
	b).	Explain the relationship between visualization and other fields.	1	1	2
	c).	What is a visualization reference model?	2	1	2
	d).	Mention one key consideration in the design of visualization applications.	2	1	2
	e).	List two classification categories of visualization systems.	3	1	2
	f).	Name the types of data visualized in one, two, and multi-dimensional visualizations.	3	2	
	g).	Mention two types of graphs used in visualization.	4	1	2
	h).	What is metaphorical visualization?	4	1	2
	i).	Name two types of data structures used in data visualization.	5	1	2
	j).	What is volumetric data visualization?	5	1	2
			5 x 10	= 50 N	
		UNIT-1			
2.	a).	Explain the importance of visual perception in data visualization.	1	2	5
	b).	Describe the visualization process and Explain its key stages.	1	2	5
		OR			
3.	a).	Discuss how Gestalt principles influence the design of visual representations.	1	2	5
	b).	Explain the challenges posed by information overload in visualization and discuss ways to overcome these challenges.	1	2	5
		UNIT-2			
4.	a).	Explain the components of the visualization reference model in detail	2	2	5

	b).	Analyze the process and importance of creating visual representations in data visualization.	2	4	5
		OR			
5.	a).	Explain how visual mapping affects the interpretation of data in visualization.	2	2	5
	b).	Evaluate the role of visual analytics in decision making with suitable examples.	2	4	5
		UNIT-3			
6.	a).	Explain the classification of visualization systems with examples.	3	2	5
	b).	Illustrate the methods for visualizing multi-dimensional data effectively.	3	3	5
		OR			
7.	a).	Explain the challenges in visualizing text and text documents.	3	2	5
	b).	Discuss the impact of misleading visualization techniques on data interpretation.	3	3	5
		UNIT-4			
8.	a).	Explain visualization techniques used for trees and graphs.	4	2	5
	b).	Describe methods to visualize clusters and networks effectively.	4	3	5
		OR			
9.	a).	Explain the concept of metaphorical visualization and its advantages.	4	2	5
	b).	Discuss the effectiveness of group visualization techniques in representing complex data.	4	3	5
		UNIT-5			
10.	a).	Explain techniques used for visualization of vector fields and simulations.	5	2	5
	b).	Illustrate collaborative visualization and its benefits in data analysis.	5	3	5
		OR			
11.	a).	Explain the significance of geographic information systems (GIS) in data visualization.	5	2	5
	b).	Compare different data structures used in visualization and their impact on performance.	5	4	5

KL-KNOWLEDGE LEVEL

M-MARKS

NOTE: Questions can be given as A,B splits or as a single Question for 10 marks

Cour	se Code	Category	L	T	P	C	C.I.E.	S.E.E.	Exam		
B23A	MM301	Minors	3			3	30	70	3 Hrs.		
				•	•	•	•	•	•		
				MACH	IINE LE	EARNING	Ţ				
			(Min	ors Deg	ree Cou	rse in AI	& ML)				
Cours	se Object	ives: This cou	ırse aims	s to equip	student	s with the	following:				
1.	Introduce the basic concepts and techniques of Machine Learning										
2.	Demonst	rate regression	n, classit	fication a	and cluste	ering meth	ods.				
3.	Introduce	e the concepts	of dime	nsionalit	y reducti	on, Regul	arization				
4.	Illustrate	the concepts	of artific	ial neura	ıl networ	ks and rei	nforcement	learning			
Cours	se Outcor	mes: At the er	nd of the	course,	students	will be ab	le to				
S.No				Ou	itcome				Knowledge		
									Level		
1.		concepts of N					neering		K3		
2.		Classification							K3		
3.		Regression mo					- 11		K3		
4.		s <mark>trate the c</mark> zation techniq		of Ch	ustering,	dimensi	onality rec	duction and	К3		
5.	Apply t	he concepts or	f artificia	al neural	network	S	<u> COLI</u>	LEGE	K3		
		Estd. 1980			AU	TONON	10US				
					SYLLAI						
					_			•	digms for ML,		
TINIT	_	_		_	_		_	_	uisition, Data		
UNI		Representation, Model Selection, Model Learning, Model Evaluation, Model Prediction,									
(10H		Search and Learning, Data Sets. Features: Vinds of feature Feature transformations: Thresholding and Discretisation									
		Features: Kinds of feature, Feature transformations: Thresholding and Discretisation, Normalisation, Incomplete Features, Feature construction and selection.									
	1211				,						
	Su	pervised Lea	arning:	Introduc	ction to	Proximity	Measures	, Distance M	leasures, Non-		
		etric Similarit	_			,			,		
UNI	Г-II CI	assification:	Differen	nt Classi	ification	Algorithm	ns Based	on the Dista	nce Measures,		
(10 H	Irs) Ne	earest Neighbo	ours, De	cision T	rees, Na	ive Bayes	, Binary Cl	ass classifica	tion and Multi		
	Cl	ass classificat	ion, Log	istic Reg	ression,						

	Regression: Linear Regression,							
UNIT								
(10 H								
(101.	Boosting: AdaBoost, Gradient Boosting.							
	Boosting. Adaboost, Gradient Boosting.							
	Unsupervised Learning Techniques: Clustering, Hierarchical Clustering, Partitional							
UNIT								
(10 E								
	Regularization Techniques: Lasso, Ridge							
UNI	Neurons, NNs, Linear Discriminants: The Neuron, Neural Networks, The perceptron,							
	Multilaver percentrons: Going forwards Going backwards. Backpropagation for							
(10 H	Trainingan MLP ,Multilayer perceptron in practice, Examples of using MLP.							
	•							
Textb	ks:							
1.	Machine Learning Theory and Practice", M N Murthy, V S Ananthanarayana, Universities							
	Press (India), 2024							
2.	ntroduction to Machine Learning, Alpaydin E, MIT Press (2014) 3rdEdition							
Refer	ce Books:							
1.	Machine Learning: An algorithmic perspective, Stephen Marsland, 2nd edition, CRC press, 014.							
2	The elements of statistical learning, Data Mining, Inference and Prediction, Trevor Hastie,							
2.	Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, Second edition, Springer, 2009.							
3.	Machine Learning in Action, Peter Harington, 2012, Cengage.							
1	ython Machine Learning Cookbook-Practical Solutions from Preprocessing to Deep Learning,							
4.	Chris Albon, Oreilly, 2018.							
5.	ython Machine Learning: Machine Learning and Deep Learning with Python, scikit-learn,							
3.	ensorflow, Sebastian Raschka, Vahid Mirjalili, Second edition, 2020							
6	Machine Learning: The art and science of algorithms that make sense of data, Peter Flach,							
U	Cambridge, 2012							
e-Res	rces							
1.	Machine Learning" course by Andrew Ng on Coursera							
2.	Introduction to Machine Learning (IITKGP)" by Prof. Sudeshna Sarkar, on Swayam							
	Principal Component Analysis versus Linear Discriminant Analysis",							
3.	ttps://medium.com/analytics-vidhya/illustrative-example-of-principalcomponent-analysis							
	cavs-linear-discriminant-analysis-lda-is-105c431e8907							
4.	Regularization in Machine Learning", https://towardsdatascience.com/regularization							

	inmachine-learning76441ddcf99a
5	Grid search for model tuning", https://medium.com/analyticsvidhya/illustrative-example
٥.	ofprincipal-component-analysis-pca-vs-lineardiscriminant-analysis-lda-is-105c431e8907



		Course Co	ode: B	23AM	M301
		SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)			R23
		III B.Tech. II Semester MODEL QUESTION PAPER			
		MACHINE LEARNING			
		(Minors Degree Course in AI & ML)			
Tim	e: 3 H	Irs. N	Max. N	Iarks:	70 M
		Answer Question No.1 compulsorily			
		Answer ONE Question from EACH UNIT			
		Assume suitable data if necessary			
			10 x 2	= 20 N	Iarks
			CO	KL	M
1.	a).	Mention two types of data used in Machine Learning.	1	2	2
	b).	Explain feature engineering with an example.	1	2	2
	c).	List two distance measures used in classification tasks.	2	2	2
	d).	What is Logistic Regression?	2	1	2
	e).	Define Margin in the context of SVM	3	1	2
	f).	What is Ensemble Learning?	3	1	2
	g).	Explain Curse of Dimensionality?	4	2	2
	h).	Define Ridge Regression.	4	1	2
	i).	Explain the difference between forward and backward pass.	5	2	2
	j).	What is the purpose of activation functions in NNs?	5	1	2
	II.	Estd. 1980		•	.1
			5 x 10	= 50 N	Iarks
		UNIT-1			
2.	a).	Explain the paradigms of machine learning with examples.	1	2	5
	b).	Explain the importance of data preprocessing. Demonstrate with a mini example.	1	2	5
		OR			
3.	a).	Explain the different stages in Machine Learning.	1	2	5
	b).	Explain filter method in feature selection	1	2	5
		UNIT-2	2	2	5
4.	a).	Explain Manhattan and Cosine similarity measures with examples.	2	3	5
	b).	Apply K-Nearest Neighbor Classifier to following dataset.			

		BRIGHTNESS SATURATION	CLASS			
		40 20	Red			
		50 50	Blue			
		60 90	Blue			
		10 25	Red			
		70 70	Blue			
		60 10	Red			
		25 80	Blue			
		Now identify to which class label the given	test sample belongs to			
		considering K=3 nearest neighbors (Bright	ness=20, Saturation=35,			
		Class=?).				
		OR				
5.	a).	Explain the working of a Decision Tree class Information Gain.	ssifier using the concept of	2	2	5
	b).	Apply Naïve Bayes Classifier to classify the dataset given below {Color='Red', Type='red', Type='red'} Example No. Color Type Origin Stolem Red Sports Domestic Yes Red Sports Domestic No Red Sports Domestic Yes Red Sports Domestic Yes Red Sports Domestic Yes Red Sports Domestic No Red Sports Imported Yes Red SUV Imported Yes Red SUV Imported No Red Sports Imported No Red Sports Imported No Red Sports Imported No Red Sports Imported Yes Red Sports Imported Yes	SUV', Origin='Domestic'}	2	3	5
		UNIT-3	Machine for linearly11			
6.	a).	Explain the algorithm for Support Vector M data	Tachine for linearly separable	3	2	5
	b).	Compare AdaBoost and Gradient Boostin performance.	ng in terms of working and	3	2	5
		OR				
7.		Explain the working of random forest class accuracy compared to singe decision tree.	ifier. How does it improve	3	2	10
		UNIT-4				
8.	a).	What is the main purpose of principal comp	oonent analysis? Explain	4	2	5
	b).	Consider the following set of data points: (2,3), (3,4), (5,6), (8,8), (9,10)		4	3	5

		Apply the first iteration of K-Means clustering with K=2 and initial			
		centroids as (2,3) and (8,8). Show the new centroids.			
		OR			
9.	a).	Compare and contrast Lasso and Ridge Regression	4	2	5
		Given three data points (1,1),(4,4), (7,7) and two initial clusters centers			
	b).	at (2,2) and (6,6), compute the initial membership values using Fuzzy	4	3	5
		C-Means Clustering with m=2			
		UNIT-5			
10.		Illustrate Multilayer Perceptron architecture and also explain briefly the	5	2	10
10.		backpropagation algorithm to train multilayer perceptron	3 2		10
		OR			
11.	a).	What is a Perceptron? What are the problems that can be solved with	5	2	5
11.	a).	perceptron? Explain	3		3
	b).	Explain how a single-layer perceptron works for binary classification.	5	2	5
	D).	Give an example.	5		3

KL-KNOWLEDGE LEVEL

M-MARKS

NOTE: Questions can be given as A,B splits or as a single Question for 10 marks



ENGINEERING COLLEGE

Cou	rse Code	Category	L	T	P	C	C.I.E.	S.E.E.	Exam
B23A	MM401	Minors	3			3	30	70	3 Hrs.
T	e Objectives Understand		inors De		ourse ii	n AI & N		mentals of	generative AI
1. m 2. E	nodels, inclu Explore sequent mbedding te	nding auto encode uence modeling echniques in NLF	ers and C and wo	Senerati ord eml	ve Advo	ersarial N s by st	Networks (udying RN	GANs). NNs, LSTN	As, and word
3. e	ffective gen	iciency in transformative and prediction: At the end of the	ctive tasl	ks.		`		d prompting	g strategies for
S.No.				outcom					Knowledge Level
1.		the fundamental and discriminati			ve AI	and di	stinguish	between	K2
2.		quence modelling te the use of wor	_	-					К3
3.		ne transformer a e BERT and GP		re and	the fun	ctioning	of large l	anguage	K2
4.		nerative models ain-specific prob					BERT and	GPT to	К3
5.		ate effective p n in various NL							К3
				SYLL	ABUS				
UNIT (10Hi	of Ge Discri rs) multil Back	1 1 0	erence b ing, Ger Neural	etween nerative Networl	generat Model ks, Acti	ive AI at Taxonovation fu	nd tradition omy Neur anctions, T	nal AI, Gen al network Training Ne	erative Versus s: Perceptron, aral Networks:
Back propagation, Batching, Hyperparameters, Vanishing and Explose Evaluation Metrics Sequence Modelling: Recurrent Neural Networks, The Long Short-Term I Word Embedding: Vector semantics, Types of Word Embeddings: File Embeddings, Word2Vec, FastText, Bias in Word Embedding, Limitate Embedding Methods, Applications of Word Embeddings. Basic Auto encoder Concepts: Auto encoder for Data Compression							ddings: Fre g, Limitati	equency-Based	

UNIT- (10 H	I Transformer Decoder Block Positional Embeddings. The Residual Stream view of the
UNIT- (10 H	Cenerative Adversarial Networks (CANs) Rasics: Generator vs Discriminator
	:Variational Autoencoders, The Encoder, The Loss Function, Training the Variational Autoencoder, VAEs vs GANs – Key differences
UNIT (10 H	Chain-of-Industric tree of Industric Grann of Industric Promot Annucations . In-
Textbo	oks: ENGINEEDING COLLEGE
1.	Chakraborty, Tanmoy. "Introduction to Large Language Models: Generative AI for Text." (2025). Estd. 1980
2.	David Foster, Generative Deep Learning: Teaching Machines to Paint, Write, Compose, Play, 2 nd Edition, Oreilly
Refere	nce Books:
1.	Krohn, Jon, Grant Beyleveld, and Aglaé Bassens. Deep learning illustrated: a visual, interactive guide to artificial intelligence. Addison-Wesley Professional, 2019.
2.	Goodfellow, Ian, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, and Yoshua Bengio. <i>Deep learning</i> . Vol. 1, no. 2. Cambridge: MIT press, 2016.
3.	Burkov, Andriy. <i>The hundred-page machine learning book</i> . Vol. 1. Quebec City, QC, Canada: Andriy Burkov, 2019.
e-Reso	urces
1.	Generative AI with LLMs - DeepLearning.AI
2.	Generative AI and Large Language Models - Course
3.	https://genai-handbook.github.io/

		Course Co	ode: B	23AM	M401
		SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)			R23
		IV B.Tech. I Semester MODEL QUESTION PAPER			
		GENERATIVE AI			
		(Minors Degree Course in AI & ML)			
Tim	e: 3 H	Irs. N	Aax. M	larks:	70 M
		Answer Question No.1 compulsorily			
		Answer ONE Question from EACH UNIT			
		Assume suitable data if necessary			
			10 x 2	= 20 N	Iarks
			CO	KL	M
1.	a).	Describe generative AI and differentiate it from traditional AI approaches.	1	2	2
	b).	Explain the concept of vanishing gradients and its effect on training deep neural networks.	1	2	2
	c).	List two applications of RNNs.	2	1	2
	d).	List different word embedding techniques.	2	1	2
	e).	Define self-attention mechanism in transformers.	3	1	2
	f).	Differentiate between encoder and decoder blocks in a transformer?	3	2	2
	g).	Write the applications of LLMs	4	1	2
	h).	Describe key differences between Variational Autoencoders (VAEs) and Generative Adversarial Networks(GANs).	4	2	2
	i).	Demonstrate zero-shot prompting with a simple example.	5	3	2
	j).	Explain "Chain-of-Thought" prompting in Large Language Models?	5	2	2
			<i>5</i> 10	50 N	lva
		UNIT-1	5 x 10	= 50 N	Tarks
		Explain the taxonomy of generative models with examples (VAE,			
2.	a).	GAN, etc.).	1	2	5
	b).	Differentiate between Perceptron and Multilayer Perceptron. Draw their structures.	1	2	5
		OR			
3.	a).	Describe the role of activation functions in neural networks. Mention any two commonly used activation functions and their properties.	1	2	5
	b).	Describe the back propagation algorithm and explain one step of back propagation with an example	1	2	5

		UNIT-2			
4.	a).	Describe the structure of an LSTM cell and explain how it avoids vanishing gradients.	2	2	5
	b).	Describe the architecture of the CBOW variant of Word2Vec with neat diagrams	2	2	5
		OR			
5.	a).	Explain the FastText word embedding technique. How does it improve over Word2Vec for out-of-vocabulary (OOV) words?	2	2	5
	b).	Apply basic autoencoder architecture for data compression and describe how the encoder, decoder, and loss function are used.	2	3	5
		TINITE 2			
-	2)	UNIT-3	•	_	
6.	a).	Explain the structure and purpose of the Transformer encoder block.	3	2	5
	b).	Compare BERT (bidirectional) and GPT (autoregressive) in terms of training objectives	3	2	5
		OR			
7.	a).	Illustrate how the language modeling head in GPT predicts the next word in a given sentence fragment.	3	2	5
	b).	Summarize the purpose of the attention mechanism in a Transformer	3	2	5
		ENGINEEDING COLLEGE			
		UNIT-4			
8.	a).	Describe the architecture of a Variational Autoencoder (VAE) and the two-part loss function (reconstruction loss + KL-divergence)	4	2	5
	b).	Use a large language model (LLM) like BERT or GPT for processing clinical data or patient records and demonstrate how it assists doctors in diagnostics and patient care	4	3	5
		OR			
9.	a).	Demonstrate a simple image generation pipeline using a GAN and explain the steps involved	4	3	5
	b).	Explain with an example how LLMs can improve risk management or fraud detection in the finance sector.	4	2	5
		UNIT-5			
10.	a).	Explain the concept of prompt engineering and why prompt shape is important for LLM performance	5	2	5
	b).	Demonstrate how in-context learning works using a prompt designed for information extraction from a short paragraph.	5	3	5

		OR			
11	. a).	Describe manual template engineering and how it helps in improving prompt quality.	5	2	5
	b).	Demonstrate the chain-of-thought prompting approach in complex reasoning tasks with an example	5	3	5

KL-KNOWLEDGE LEVEL

M-MARKS

NOTE: Questions can be given as A,B splits or as a single Question for 10 marks

